



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

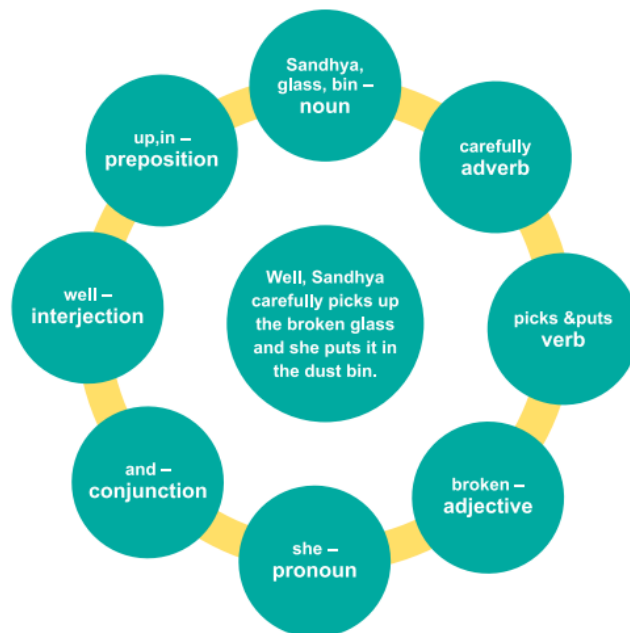
Class: VI	Department: ENGLISH	Date of Submission: August 2022
WORKSHEET NO : 7	Topic: DEGREES OF COMPARISON	Note: NOTEBOOK

DEGREES OF COMPARISON



An adjective is a part of a speech, used to describe a noun or a pronoun. They help to make a description.

Example: ‘Well, Sandhya carefully picks up the broken glass and she puts it in the dust bin.’



Degrees of Comparison



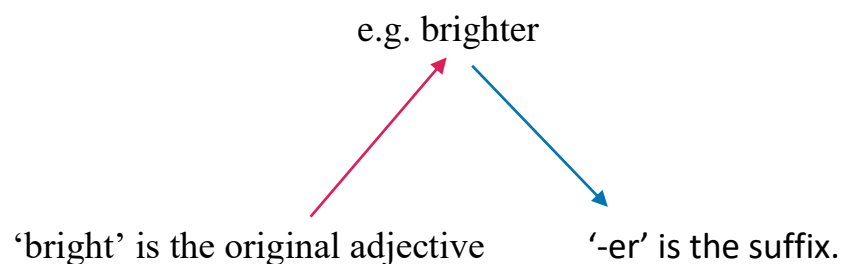
Positive Degree

The positive degree of an adjective is the simplest form of the adjective. This is used when we simply describe a noun without comparing it to another.

Eg: It was cool at night.

Comparative Degrees

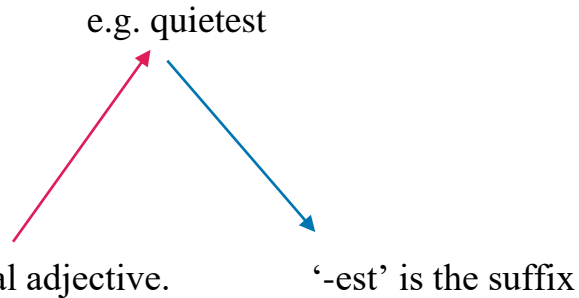
A comparative degree of an adjective is used to compare one person, action, thing, or state to another. It adds the suffix -er to the original adjective or the word more before them. We use 'than' or 'to' with the comparative degree of adjectives.



E.g. Sam's torch is brighter than John's torch.

Superlative degrees

A superlative degree of an adjective is used to compare one person, action, thing or state to **more than two** in the same group. It adds the suffix - est to the original adjective or the word most before them. We use the definite article before the superlative degree.



E.g. Aisha is the quietest in the class.

Adjectives of two or more syllables are usually compared by prefixing the word more and most to the simple form of the adjective.

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
tragic	more tragic	most tragic
beautiful	less beautiful	least beautiful
appetizing	more appetizing	most appetizing
delicate	less delicate	least delicate
enjoyable	more enjoyable	most enjoyable
fragrant	less fragrant	least fragrant
famous	more famous	most famous
precious	less precious	least precious
difficult	more difficult	most difficult

Exercise :1

Complete the following sentences using the correct degree of adjective given in the brackets:

1. The Jones family is..... (rich) than the Smith family.
2. Ram is the (healthy) of them all.
3. The bag I bought is the (cheap).
4. John is..... (loyal) than Jacob.
5. Sita is an(obedient)girl.
6. The sea is.....(calm).
7. My room is (clean) than hers.
8. Which star is the.....(bright) among the ones you saw last night?
9. Maria speaks English.....(good) than Reena.
- 10.Is the President.....(powerful) than the Vice-President?

Exercise 2

Fill in the gaps with the appropriate form of adjectives.

1. Lead is a metal. (heavy)
2. Lake Baikal is the lake in the world. (big)
3. The continent of Africa isthan Australia. (large)
4. The weather istoday. (pleasant)
5. Fast food is..... for our health. (harmful)
6. This is the..... play I have ever watched. (exciting)
7. The play “Childhood” is written and directed by one of thewriters of our times. (wit)
8. Without my spectacles I am asas a bat. (blind)
9. Hydrogen is the..... element in the universe. (light)
- 10.Agra isthan Jaipur from Delhi. (near)

Exercise 3

Fill in the gaps with the appropriate form of adjectives.

1. The rose is the of all flowers. (beautiful)
2. This traffic law is than the previous law. (severe)
3. Chess is the..... of the indoor games. (tough)
4. Shyam is the among the three brothers. (tall)
5. Who is the scientist? Darwin, Einstein, or Newton? (famous)
6. This book is the of the five. (instructive)
7. Diamond is the.....of all stones. (precious)
8. Is this the..... of the six copies? (recent)
9. The last concert was the..... concert of the season. (good)
- 10.He is themember of the committee of five. (able)
